

Exploring Fusion Techniques in Multimodal AI-Based Recruitment: Insights from FairCVdb

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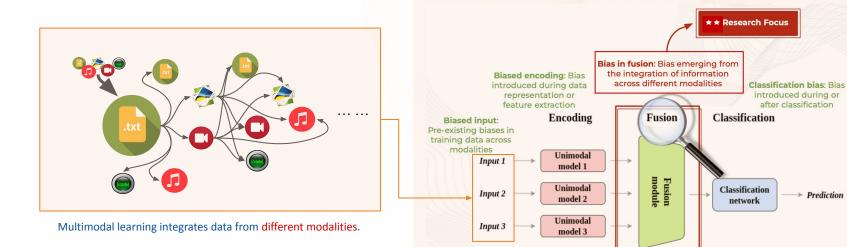


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Introduction



- **Research Objective**: Investigate the *fairness and bias implications of Fusion Approaches* in multimodal AI systems.
- **Real-World Application**: Multimodal AI-based recruitment systems.



Bias across stages of multimodal learning.



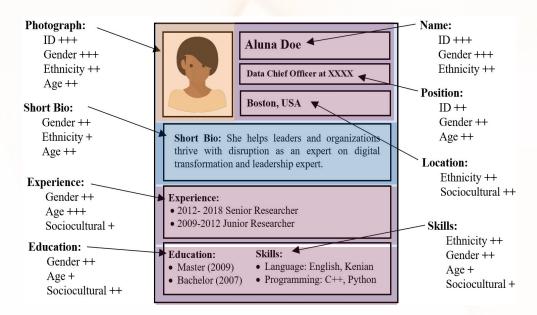
Experimental Setup 1/2

Dataset: FairCVdb¹ for fairness study:

- Synthetic research dataset: 24,000 profiles which contain rich multimodal information tailored to assess fairness and bias aspects in AI-driven recruitment algorithms.
- Modalities: Visual (image), Tabular (attributes from US Census 2018 Education Attainment data), Textual (short bio).
- Protected attributes: Gender: Female, Male.
 Ethnicity: Asian, Caucasian, African-American.

Task: Determining whether the subject should be invited for a job interview.

Evaluation Metrics: Mean Absolute Error (**MAE**) and Kullback-Leibler (**KL**) divergence.

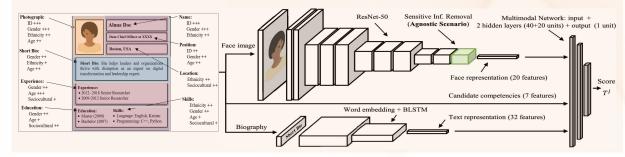


Dataset: FairCVdb. The number of crosses represent the level of sensitive information (+++ = high, ++ = medium, + = low)



Experimental Setup 2/2

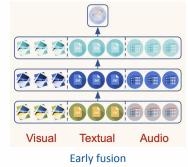
Methodology: Recruitment model to predict scores based on candidate resumes, following the methodology from Peña et al. (2023)².

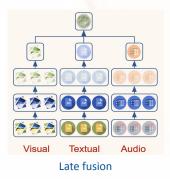


Recruitment model to predict scores based on candidate resumes.

Multimodal Fusion Strategies:

- **Early Fusion (Feature-Level Fusion):** typically occurs before the data is fed into the network.
- Late Fusion (Classifier-Level Fusion): typically occurs at the final decision-making stage, after each modality has been processed separately and the decision scores have been calculated.



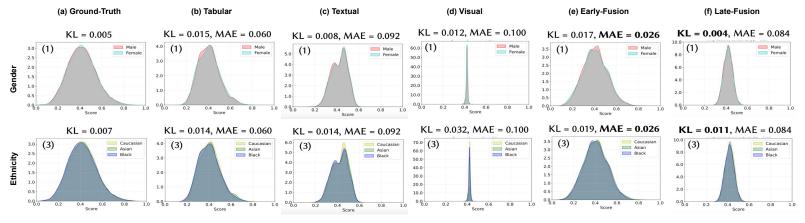




Experimental Results 1/2

Neutral: Unbiased Ideal-World Scenario:

- Ground-truth: closely aligned for both demographics.
- Tabular: lower score distribution centered at 0.4 with a negatively-skewed distribution, underestimating the ground-truth.
- Textual: bimodal distribution, differentiates between high and low scores.
- Visual: narrow range [0.39–0.44], over-generalizes mean score.
- Late-fusion: least biased, but influenced by visual extremity, higher MAEs.
- Early-fusion: most accurate, lowest MAEs, effectively resolves modality-specific issues, closely matches ground-truth.



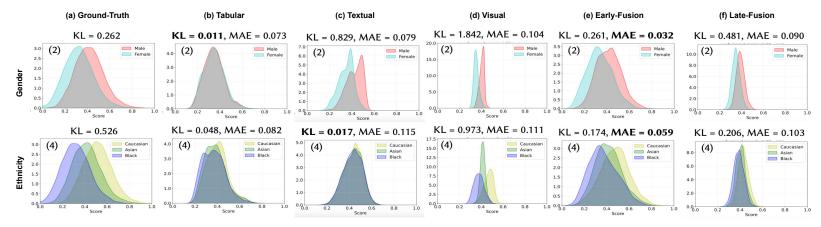
Neutral: KL-divergence, MAE, and score distributions. Low KL and MAE are better.



Experimental Results 2/2

Gender/Ethnicity Biased: Biased Real-World Scenario:

- Ground-truth: unaligned for both demographics.
- Tabular: underestimates across all demographics, closely aligns demographic-specific distributions.
- Textual: favorably skewed for males in job-related words, considerably less bias in ethnicity.
- Visual: extreme bias; favors males, overgeneralizes Asians, discriminates against Blacks, and favors Caucasians.
- Early-fusion: mimics ground-truth for both demographics, lowest MAEs, maintains fairness.



• Late-fusion: over-generalizes mean score, higher MAEs and KL scores.

Gender/Ethnicity Biased: KL-divergence, MAE, and score distributions. Low KL and MAE are better.

- *Fusion techniques* play a crucial role in addressing fairness and bias in multimodal AI. Nonetheless, they have the potential to amplify biases from individual modalities, and blindly fusing them may not lead to optimal results.
- *Early fusion* closely mimics ground truth for both demographics and achieves lowest MAEs by incorporating unique characteristics of each modality effectively. It yields fairer solutions even in the presence of demographic biases.
- Late fusion leads to highly over-generalized mean scores, resulting in higher MAEs.

Future Directions:

- Bias-aware fusion strategies: Mid-fusion may enhance fairness and accuracy by strategically selecting and combining modalities.
- Test the applicability of these findings across diverse datasets and domains beyond hiring for broader impact and relevance.

Ethics statement: Understanding the risks of using simulated or synthetic data is crucial for fairness, transparency, and effectiveness in automated hiring processes.







Thank you for your attention!

For code and additional insights, visit: <u>https://github.com/Swati17293/Multimodal-AI-Based-Recruitment-FairCVdb</u>





